

DATA SHEET

MODULETEK: SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-x-E10

10GBASE CWDM 100km SFP+ Transceiver

SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-x-E10 Overview

ModuleTek's SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-x-E10 SFP+ optical transceivers are based on 10G Ethernet and SFF-8431 standard, providing a fast and reliable interface for 10G CWDM applications. The product is available in 5 different CWDM wavelengths from 1470nm to 1550nm, digital diagnostics via a 2-wire serial bus, compliant with the SFF-8472 standard.

Product Features

- Up to 11.3 Gb/s bi-directional data links
- Compliant with 10G FC
- Compliant with SFF-8431
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Temperature-stabilized CWDM EML laser
- Receiver with APD
- Duplex LC connector
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- Up to 100km on SMF
- Single power supply 3.3V
- Low power consumption
- RoHS Compliant
- Operating temperature range (Case Temperature) : Commercial Level : 0°C to 70°C
Industrial Level : -40°C to 85°C



Applications

- CWDM 10G Ethernet
- CWDM 10G Fiber Channel

Ordering Information

Part Number	Product ID	Description
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-C-E10	M369202	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, Single Mode Fiber 100km,Commercial temperature
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-I-E10	M369203	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, Single Mode Fiber 100km,Industrial temperature

Note:

1.Product ID is the abbreviated order number of our company's standard model

For More Information:

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Product Select

Part Number	Description	Color on Clasp
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-1470-x-E10	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, 1470nm, Single Mode Fiber 100km	Gray
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-1490-x-E10	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, 1490nm, Single Mode Fiber 100km	Violet
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-1510-x-E10	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, 1510nm, Single Mode Fiber 100km	Blue
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-1530-x-E10	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, 1530nm, Single Mode Fiber 100km	Green
SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-1550-x-E10	10GBASE CWDM SFP+ Transceiver, LC Connectors, 1550nm, Single Mode Fiber 100km	Yellow

General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Data Rate	DR		10.3125		Gb/s	1
Bit Error Rate	BER			10^{-12}		
Operating Temperature	T _C	0		70	°C	2, 5
	T _I	-40		85	°C	2, 6
Storage Temperature	T _{STO}	-40		85	°C	3
Supply Current	I _{CC}			550	mA	4
Input Voltage	V _{CC}	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Maximum Voltage	V _{MAX}	-0.5		4	V	4
Power Consumption	P _C			1.5	W	5
	P _I			1.8	W	6

Notes:

1. IEEE 802.3ae
2. Case temperature
3. Ambient temperature
4. For electrical power interface
5. Commercial Level
6. Industrial Level

Link Distances

Data Rate	Fiber Type	Distance Range (km)
1.2~11.3 Gb/s	9/125um SMF	100

Optical – Characteristics – Transmitter

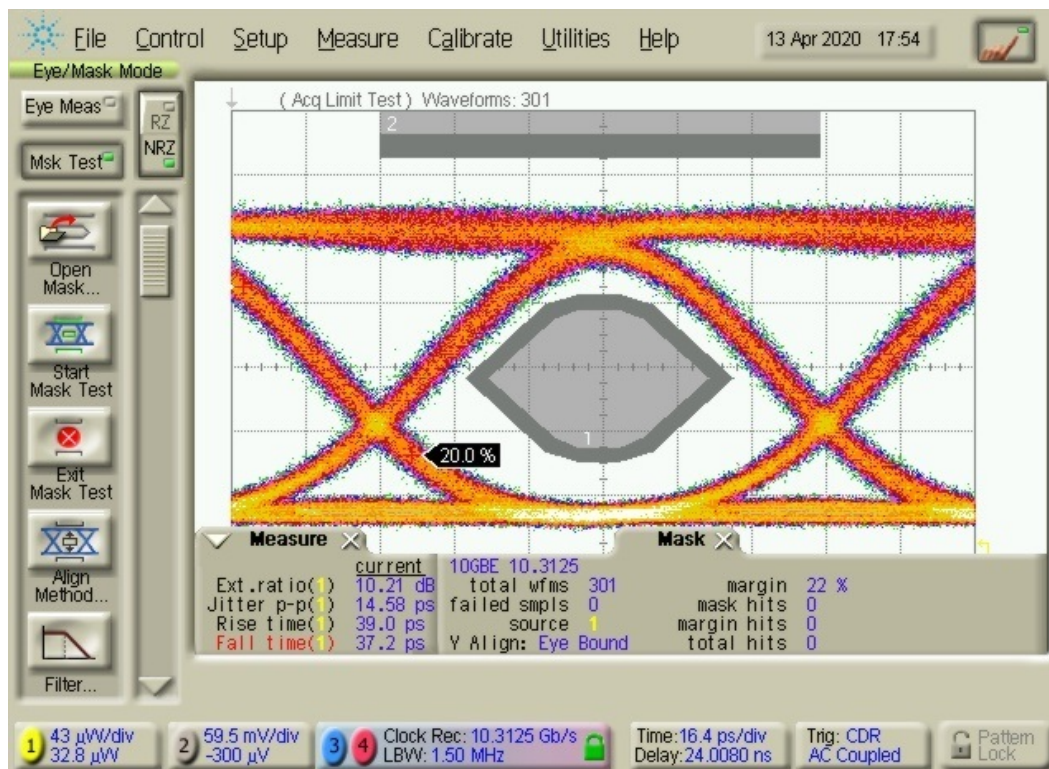
$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V$, T_C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output Optical Power	P_{TX}	1.5		4	dBm	1
Optical Center Wavelength –1470nm	λ_C	1465	1471	1477	nm	
Optical Center Wavelength –1490nm		1485	1491	1497	nm	
Optical Center Wavelength –1510nm		1505	1511	1517	nm	
Optical Center Wavelength –1530nm		1525	1531	1537	nm	
Optical Center Wavelength –1550nm		1545	1551	1557	nm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	$\Delta\lambda$			0.6	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty	TDP			4	dB	
Transmitter Jitter						2
Launch Power of OFF Transmitter	P_{OUT_OFF}			-30	dBm	1

Notes:

1. Average
2. According to IEEE 802.3ae requirement

Typical eye diagram



Optical – Characteristics – Receiver

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V, T_C$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260		1620	nm	
Average Receive Power	P_{RX}	-25		-7	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity @10.3Gb/s	R_{X_SEN}			-25	dBm	1
Receiver Reflectance	TR_{RX}			-27	dB	
LOS Assert	LOS_A	-35			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOS_D			-27	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOS_H	0.5			dB	

Notes:

1. Measured with the PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test mode, BER< 10^{-12} ;

Electrical – Characteristics – Transmitter

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V, T_C$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input differential impedance	R_{IN}		100		Ω	
Differential data input swing	V_{IN_PP}	120		1200	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V_D	2		V_{CC}	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	V_{EN}	V_{EE}		$V_{EE}+0.8$	V	

Electrical – Characteristics – Receiver

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V, T_C$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Differential data output swing	V_{OUT_PP}	640		1000	mV	
Data output rise time/fall time (20%-80%)	t_r/t_f	28			ps	
LOS Fault	V_{LOS_A}	2		V_{CC_HOST}	V	
LOS Normal	V_{LOS_D}	V_{EE}		$V_{EE}+0.5$	V	

A0/A2 Write Protection

Security Level 1 Password		
Password Entry ADDR	Size	Vaules(hex)
Page A2, 7BH-7EH	4	00 00 10 11

This module has the A0 / A2 write protection function. The user can enter the security level 1 working state and write the contents of Table 00 and Table 01 of the device address A0H and A2H of the module. The method to enter the working state of security level 1 is to write the security level 1 password in order in the 7BH-7EH registers of A2H of the module. After entering security level 1, the user can directly write to the contents of the A0H device address, or modify the contents of the A2H 7F table selection register to write to the contents of Table 00 or Table 01. This version of the module does not support users to modify the password of security level 1.If you need to modify the security level 1 password,you must notify our company to modify it before shipping.

I2C Memory Map(Page A0 HEX,Unlisted Fields are Blank/Empty)

IIC Addr	Size	Name	Description	Vaules(HEX)
0	1	Identifier	SFP	03
1	1	Extended Identifier	Extended Identifier	04
2	1	Connector	Connector Type=LC	07
3-10	8	Transceiver	Code for electronic or optical compatibility	80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
11	1	Encoding	Code for high speed serial encoding algorithm	03
12	1	BR,Nominal	Nominal Bit Rate 10.3Gb/s	67
13	1	Rate Identifier	Type of rate select functionality	00
14	1	Lenth(9μm)-km	100km Link Length in Thousands of Meters / SMF	64
15	1	Lenth(9μm)-100m	9-micron MMF Link Length	FF
16	1	Lenth(50μm)-10m	50-micron MMF Link Length = N/A	00
17	1	Lenth(62.5μm)-10m	62.5-micron MMF Link Length = N/A	00
18	1	Lenth(Copper)	Copper Link Length = N/A	00
19	1	Reserved	Reserved	00
20-35	16	Vendor name	ModuleTek	ASCII Format
36	1	Transceiver	Code for electronic or optical compatibility	00
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	SFP Vendor IEEE Company ID	ASCII Format
40-55	16	Vendor PN	The Part number in the Ordering Information	ASCII Format
56-59	4	Vendor Revision Number	Vendor Revision Number	Programmed by Factory
60-61	2	Wavelength	Wavelength	according to actual wavelength
62	1	Reserved	Reserved	00
63	1	CC_ BASE	Check sum of bytes 0-62	Programmed by Factory
64-65	2	Transceiver Options	1.Rx_LOS 2.Tx_FAULT 3.Tx_DIS	00 1A
66	1	BR, max	Upper bit rate margin	00
67	1	BR, min	Lower bit rate margin	00

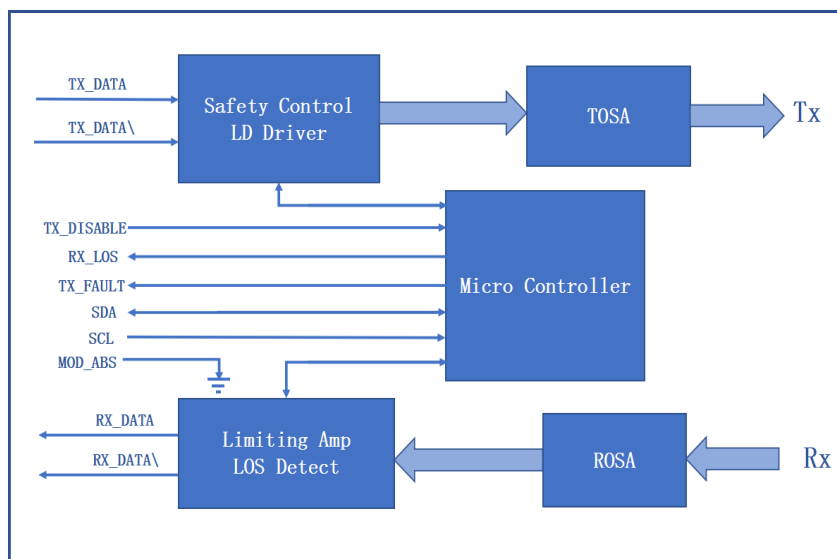
68-83	16	Vendor SN	Vendor SN	Programmed by Factory
84-91	8	Date code	Year,Month,Day	Programmed by Factory
92	1	Monitoring Type	Internally Calibrated Received power measurement type-Average Power	68
93	1	Enhanced Options	1. Optional Alarm/Warning Flags Implemented 2. Soft Tx_ DIS Monitor and Control 3. Soft Rx_ LOS Monitor 4. Soft Tx_ FAULT Monitor	F0
94	1	SFF-8472 Compliance	Indicates which revision of SFF-8472 the transceiver complies with	08
95	1	CC_ EXT	Check sum of bytes 64-94	Programmed by Factory
96-127	32	Vendor Specific	Vendor Specific EEPROM	Programmed by Factory
128-255	128	Vendor Specific	Vendor Specific	Programmed by Factory

Digital Diagnostic Functions

SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-x-E10 supports the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in SFF-8472. Digital diagnostic information is accessible over the 2-wire interface at the address 0xA2. Digital diagnostics for SFP-10G-CWDM-100KM-xxxx-x-E10 are internally calibrated by default. The internal micro control unit accesses the device operating parameters in real time, Such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. The module implements the alarm function of the SFF-8472, alerts the user when a particular operating parameter exceeds the factory-set normal range.

Digital Diagnostic Threshold Range					
Parameter		High Alarm	High Warning	Low Warning	Low Alarm
Temperature (°C)	C	75 (0x4B00)	70 (0x4600)	0 (0x0000)	-5 (0xFB00)
	I	90 (0x5A00)	85 (0x5500)	-40 (0xD800)	-45 (0xD300)
Voltage (V)		3.63 (0x8DCC)	3.46 (0x8728)	3.13 (0x7A44)	2.97 (0x7404)
Bias Current (mA)		100 (0xC350)	95 (0xB98C)	20 (0x2710)	15 (0x1D4C)
Tx Power (μW)		3014.2 (0x75BE)	2511.8 (0x621E)	1000 (0x2710)	800 (0x1F40)
Rx Power (μW)		251.7 (0x09D5)	188.8 (0x0760)	2.9 (0x001D)	1.9 (0x0013)

Block-Diagram-of-Transceiver



Functions Description

The transmitter consists of a laser driver chip and a TOSA (light-emitting component). The TOSA includes a DFB laser, an electroabsorption modulator (EAM), a TEC, and a backlight diode. Unlike DML, EML TOSA uses external modulation. When the transmission rate of the system is high, the transmission distance is not only limited by the attenuation of the optical fiber, but also by the dispersion of the optical fiber, and the dispersion of the optical communication system is related to the modulation spectral width. The directly modulated laser has a large dispersion cost, and has spectral broadening, frequency chirp, and short transmission distance, so the external modulation method is adopted in the medium-long-distance transmission at a rate of 10 Gb/s. TEC (Thermo Electric Cooler) Controls the temperature of the laser tube. When a temperature is set, the TOSA temperature of the module will remain unchanged through the control of the TEC. The wavelength of the module laser tube is related to the temperature of the laser tube. The module wavelength can be set by setting the TOSA temperature. When stable, the module has excellent wavelength stability. The electrical signal enters the optical module from the serial electrical interface and is then input to the laser driver chip. The laser driver chip supplies the bias current and the modulation current to the laser. The laser driver chip simultaneously uses an automatic optical power control (APC) feedback loop to maintain a constant average optical power of the laser output. The purpose is to eliminate the change of the output optical signal due to temperature changes and aging of the light source device. When the transmitter enable pin (TX_Disable) is high (TTL logic "1"), the laser output is turned off. When TX_Disable is low (TTL logic "0"), the laser will turn on within 1ms. When the transmitter fault signal (TX_Fault) is reported as high, indicates a transmitter failure caused by the transmitter's bias current or transmitted optical power or laser tube temperature exceeding a preset alarm threshold. Low indicates normal operation.

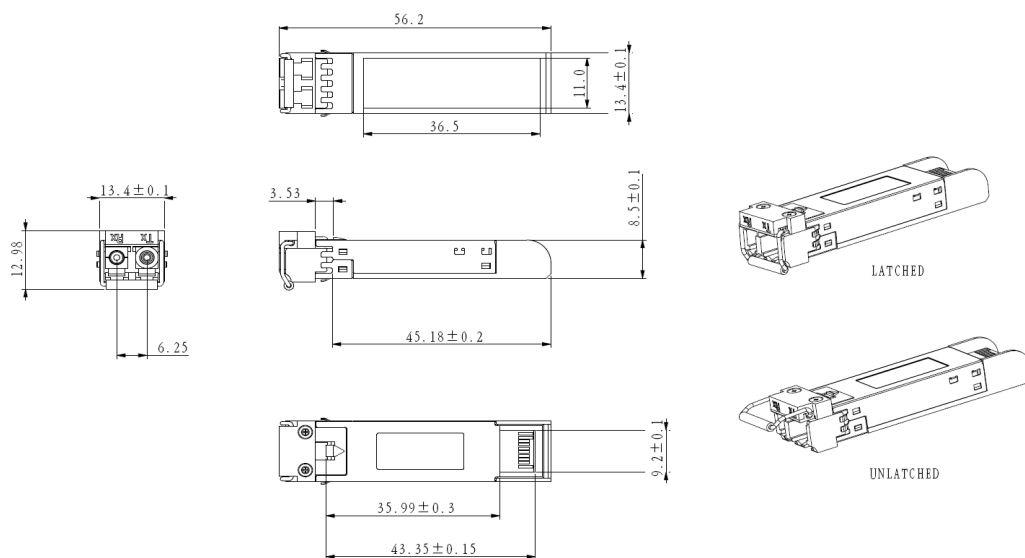
The receiver consists of a ROSA (light-receiving component) and a limiting amplifier chip, ROSA includes a APD photodetector and a transimpedance amplifier chip. The ROSA detects the incident optical signal, converts the optical signal into an electrical signal, and outputs the electrical signal to

the limiting amplifier. The electrical signal is further amplified by the limiting amplifier, then outputs a fixed-amplitude electrical signal to the host. When the amplitude of the electrical signal received from the incident light conversion of the opposite optical transceiver module is lower than the set threshold, the module reports that the received signal is lost, the RX_LOS pin is high (logic "1"), which can be used to diagnose whether the physical signal is normal. The signal is operated in TTL level. The microprocessor inside the module monitors the module's operating voltage, temperature, transmitted optical power, received optical power, and laser bias current value in real time. The host acquires this information over a 2-wire serial bus.

Dimensions

Module Weight: 16.5g

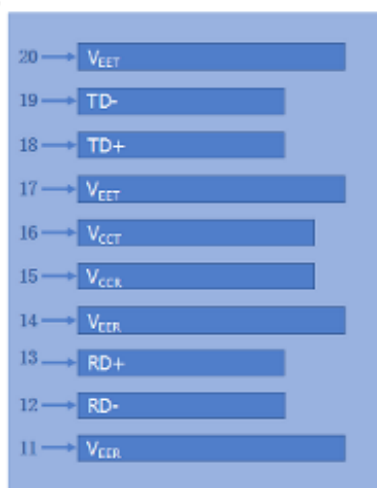
Dust Cap Weight: 0.95g



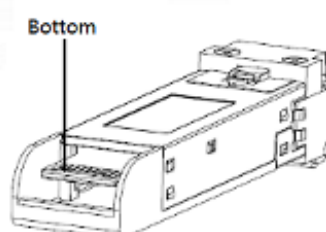
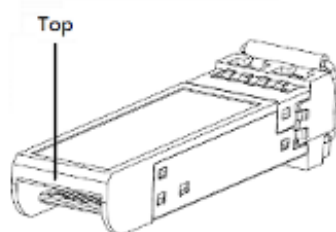
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ±0.2mm UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
UNIT: mm

Electrical Pad Layout

Top of Board



Bottom of Board



Pin Assignment

PIN #	Symbol	Description	Remarks
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1
2	TX_FAULT	Transmitter Fault	
3	TX_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open	2
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	3
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	3
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3
7	RS0	No connection required	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation	4
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver power supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter power supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground
2. Disabled: T_{DIS}>2V or open, Enabled: T_{DIS}<0.8V
3. Should Be pulled up with 4.7k –10k ohm on host board to a voltage between 2V and 3.6V
4. LOS is open collector output

References

1. IEEE standard 802.3ae. IEEE Standard Department, 2005.
2. Enhanced 8.5 and 10GBASE Small Form Factor Pluggable Module "SFP+" — SFF-8431.
3. Digital Diagnostics Monitoring Interface for Optical Transceivers — SFF-8472.